#### SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS ESSENTIALS

**Core Practices for Successful Business Analysis** 

KARL WIEGERS | CANDASE HOKANSON Foreword by Joy Beatty

# ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS PRACTICES

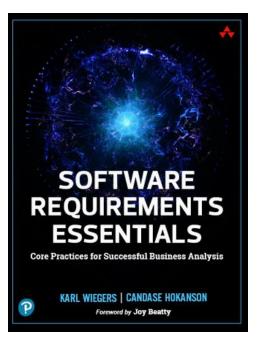
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# Agenda



- Laying the foundation
- Requirements elicitation
- Requirements analysis
- Requirements specification
- Requirements validation
- Requirements management



# **Laying the Foundation for Success**

Why are we working on this?

What are we trying to build?

Who are we trying to satisfy?

#### What do we implement first? Next? Maybe never?

How can we tell if our solution is good enough?

How do we know when we're done?



# **Laying the Foundation: Core Practices**

- #1. Understand the problem before converging on a solution.
- #2. Define business objectives.
- #3. Define the solution's boundaries.
- #4. Identify and characterize stakeholders.
- #5. Identify empowered decision makers.





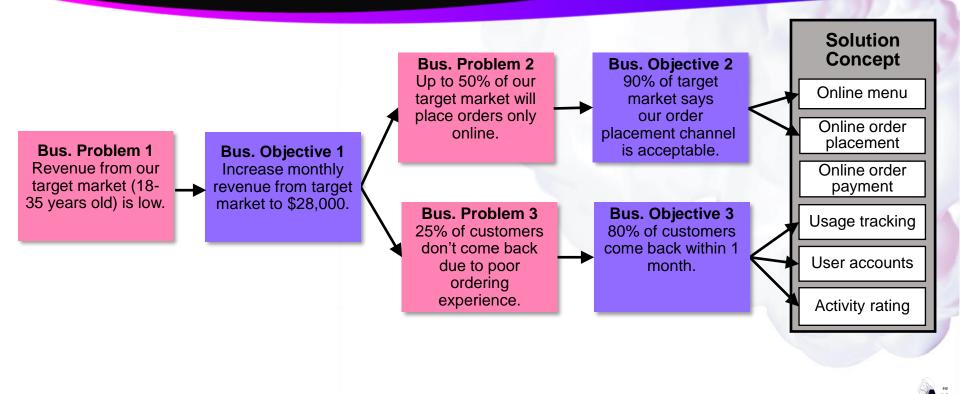
# **#2. Define Business Objectives**

- Begin with a problem statement
  - Business objectives
  - Success metrics
  - ➔ Solution concept
  - ➔ Scope definition
  - Solution requirements
- Setting objectives helps to
  - Identify stakeholders
  - Define all the necessary functionality
  - Prioritize requirements
  - Plan releases





## **Business Objectives Model**



# **Requirements Elicitation**

- What is requirements elicitation?
  - Involves collection, exploration, discovery, and invention
  - Many sources of requirements
  - Many elicitation techniques: interviews, workshops, observation, surveys, process modeling, prototyping, document analysis, ...
- Core elicitation practices
  - #6. Understand what users need to do with the solution.
  - #7. Identify events and responses.
  - #8. Assess data concepts and relationships.
  - #9. Elicit and evaluate quality attributes.





## #6. Understand What Users Need to Do

- Usage-centric vs product-centric elicitation approach
  - What functionality stakeholders think the solution should have, versus
  - What users need to do with the solution
- Eliciting user requirements
  - Must align with achieving business objectives
  - Explore normal, alternative, and exception scenarios
  - Reveals needed functionality
  - Avoids building unnecessary functionality





# **Use Cases and User Stories**

- Use cases
  - Use case name defines the user's goal: "View article statistics"
  - Use case specification has preconditions, postconditions, flow steps, etc.
  - Derive functional requirements and tests from the use case spec
- User stories
  - Story gives more information: "As an author, I want to view the statistics for my articles so that I can see which topics my readers enjoy the most."
  - Provide story details through acceptance criteria
- With both:
  - Focus on user goals, not bits of functionality





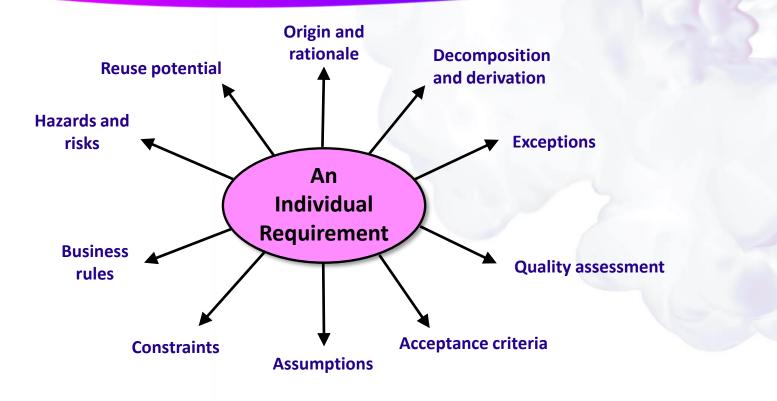
# **Requirements Analysis**

- What is requirements analysis?
  - Ensuring that all stakeholder needs are understood and recorded
  - Ensuring that a satisfactory solution can be defined, built, and tested
  - Involves questioning, learning, decomposing, comparing, filling ga confirming, refining, reassessing
- Core analysis practices
  - #10. Analyze requirements and requirement sets.
  - #11. Create requirements models.
  - #12. Create and evaluate prototypes.
  - #13. Prioritize the requirements.





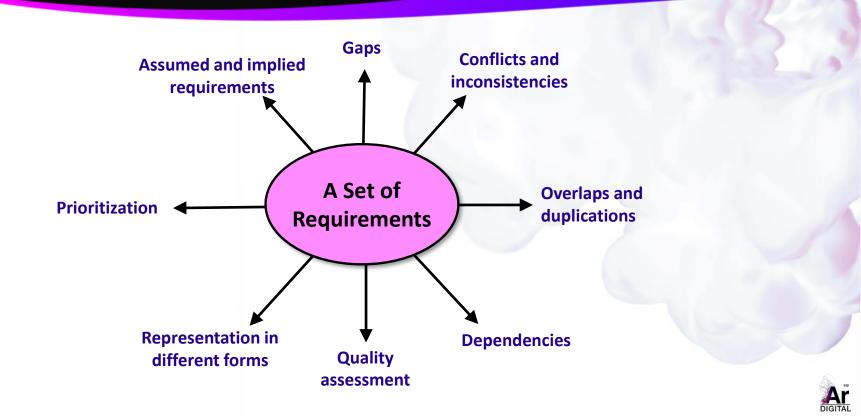
# **#10. Analyze Individual Requirements...**



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## ...and Requirement Sets



# **Requirements Specification**

- What is requirements specification?
  - "Writing requirements" really means "representing requirements knowledge"
  - Specifications vary in content, structure, form, detail, and formality
  - The goal is always *clear and effective communication*
- Core specification practices

#14. Write requirements in consistent ways.#15. Organize requirements in a structured fashion.#16. Identify and document business rules.#17. Create a glossary.





#### **#16. Identify and Document Business Rules**

- Define or restrict an organization's operations
- Influence behaviors of people and systems
- Lead to derived functional and data requirements
  - Facts
  - Constraints
  - Action enablers
  - Computations

**Types** 

- Policies
- Laws
- Regulations
- Industry standards

Sources





### **Decision Tables**

Rule ID	DISC-1	DISC-2	DISC-3	DISC-4	DISC-5	DISC-6
Conditions						
Order total	<\$50	\$50–\$100	>\$100	<\$50	\$50–\$100	>\$100
Club member	N	Ν	Ν	Y	Y	Y
Action						
No discount	Х			Х		
10% discount		х	Х		х	
20% discount						Х
Free shipping			Х	х	х	х



# **Requirements Validation**

- What is requirements validation?
  - Confirm that requirements accurately describe stakeholder needs
  - Confirm that a solution would satisfy needs and achieve business objectives
  - Verification = doing the thing right
    Validation = doing the right thing
  - Interwoven with elicitation, analysis, and specification
  - Can use prototypes and early releases
- Core validation practices

#18. Review and test the requirements.





# **#18. Review the Requirements...**

- 1. Select the right participants
  - Author and other business analyst
  - Representatives of requirements sources
  - Consumers of requirements
- 2. Choose a level of formality and rigor
  - Ad hoc review, passaround, team review, inspection
  - More formal is slower but more effective
- 3. Use a checklist to look for common types of errors
  - Ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions, duplications, unneeded requirements, missing information...





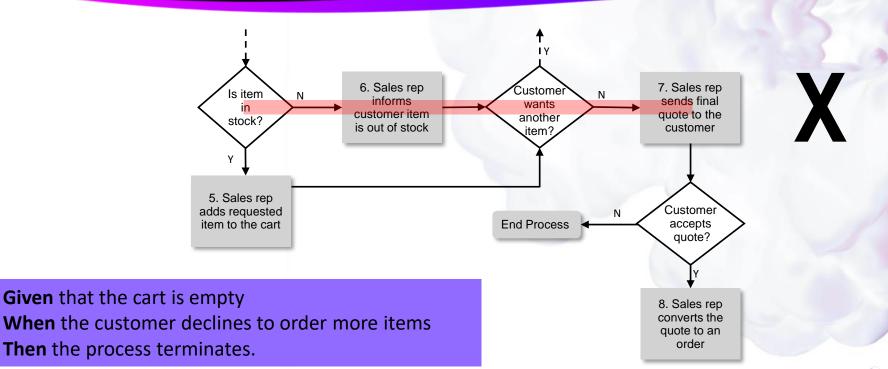
## ...and Test the Requirements

- Start testing after writing your first requirement!
- **Requirements ←** *complementary thought processes* **→ Tests**
- Acceptance criteria on agile projects: Given-When-Then

ID	Given	When	Then
AT-1	I am logged into the platform AND I have articles published	l request to view statistics	A graph of my total article view statistics from the past 30 days is displayed AND a list of statistics (views, reads, and likes) for individual articles is displayed in reverse chronological order by publication date

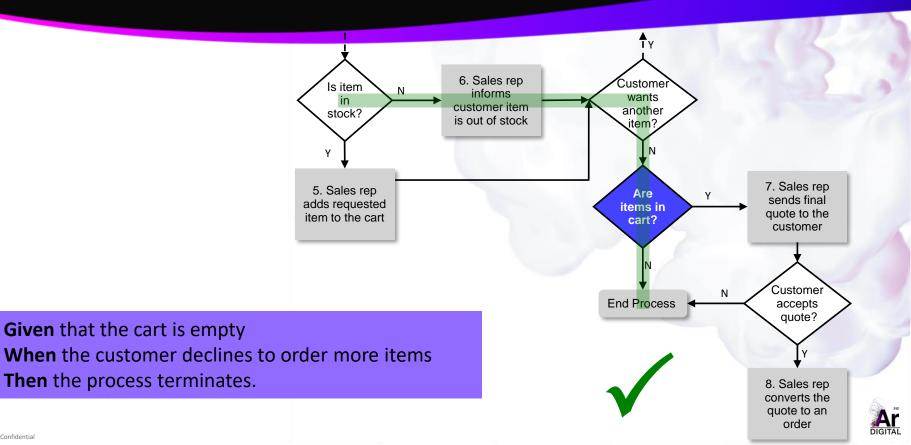


### **Testing Requirements Models - 1**





# **Testing Requirements Models - 2**



# **Requirements Management**

- What is requirements management?
  - Dealing with requirements after they've been specified
  - Requirements version control
  - Tracking requirements status
  - Requirements tracing
- Core requirements management practices #19. Establish and manage requirements baselines.
   #20. Manage changes to requirements effectively.





# **#19. Establish Requirements Baselines**

- *Baseline:* An agreed-upon set of requirements for a specific development cycle
- A baseline can be:
  - *Time-bound:* whatever requirements fits in the schedule box
  - Scope-bound: work until the allocated requirements are done
- Changes are made against a specific baseline
  - Follow your change control process
  - Require scope, time, and resource negotiations
  - Contingency buffers provide some slack





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